ANNEXURE -A

	DAV PUBLIC SCHOOLS, ODISHA, ZONE								
					ON: 2023-2				
CLASS :XII, SUBJECT : PAINTING(049), SET-2 BLUE PRINT OF QUESTION PAPER									
SI No.	Chapters ,		Marks Allotted in Syllabus	LA (2 Nos, 1 Internal choice)	SA (5 Nos., 5 Internal choice)	VSA (8Nos., 6 MCQ, 2 A.R)	TOTAL (15 Nos.)		
1	UNIT -1	Rajasthani miniature painting		01 (+1 Extra)	01	01	03		
		Pahari Miniature Painting	15		01	02	05		
2	UNIT-2	Mughal Miniature Painting		01	02	02	03		
4		Deccan Miniature Painting	15		01	03	04		
MAR	KS		30	06x2=12 (+1 Extra)	(02x5=10)	01x8=08	15 Nos. Question		

ANNEXURE -B

DAV PUBLIC SCHOOLS, ODISHA, ZONE HALF YEARLYEXAMINATION: 2023-24 CLASS :XII, SUBJECT : PAINTING(049), SET-2

QUESTIONWISE ANALYSIS

	<u> </u>			
SI No.	Chapters / units	Forms of Question - (LA,SA, VSA)	Marks Allotted	(R), (U), (A), (H), (E)
1	Rajasthani school	LA	6 (+1 Extra)	A+E
		SA	2	Н
		VSA	1	R
2	Pahari school	LA	-	-
		SA	2	Н
		VSA	1+1	R,R
3	Mughal	LA	6	A
		SA	2	U
		VSA	1+1	R,R
4	Deccan	LA	-	-
		SA	2	U
		VSA	1+1+1	U,R,U

	AN	NEXU	RE –C				
DAV PUBLIC SCHOOLS, ODISHA, ZONE							
HALF YEARLY / PA-II EXAMINATION: 2023-24 CLASS :XII, SUBJECT :PAINTING(049), SET-2							
	MARKING SCHEME						
QSTN NO	Value Points	M ar ks All ott ed	PAGE NO. OF NCERT	P I P			
1.	i.Mewar	1	15	21-22			
2. 3.	i.Akbar iv) A is false but R is true	1	38-43 66	53 73			
4.	ii) Ali Adil Shah I	1	57	67			
5. 6.	ii) UstadMansoor i)17th to 19 th C AD.	1	52 67	61 40			
0. 7.	i) Silver	1	-	40			
8.	iii) A is true but R is false.	1	55-56	66			
9.	Name of the Painting, Artist, sub school - 1mark Description ofcomposition - 1mark <u>Expected key points for the answers-</u>	2					
	(Title- Krishna with Gopies , Artist- Manaku, Basohli schoo Gita Govinda, tempera, water colour, EK- Chasma, Krishn figure, Pitamber, Beetle wings, eight Gopis, Jewellery, Pitambe Smiling face, Identical faces, high horizon, Mughal influenc Stylized tree, devotion, other aesthetics.)	a r,	81	49			
	OR						
	(Title- Nand, Yasoda and Krishna with Kinsmen going t Vrindavan, Artist- Nainsukh, Kangra school, tempera, wate colour, Pitamber, landscape, kinsmen, multiple forms, realisti cattle, Mughal influence, jewellery, human value- stay unite with your kith and kin., individual portraiture, subtle colou scheme, principle of art, fine line, perspective, other aesthetics)	er c d	83	51			

10.	Answer- Krishna on Swing Name of the Artist, sub-school, emotion-(1mark) Description and composition - (1mark) <u>Expected key points for the answers-</u> (Painting- Krishna on Swing, Artist- Nuruddin, Bikaner school, Tempera, water colour, 'Rasikapriya' poetry of Kesavadasa, episodic scene, indoor- outdoor scene, octagon swing, architecture design, emotion of Radha(Jealous ness), Pitamber, costume, finer line, lesser range colour scheme, folk style, Ek – Chasma,) <u>OR</u>	2	NCERT Pg no.31 Pg no.30	35
	Answer- Radha (Bani Thani)			37
	Name of the Artwork and Artist, Sub School, Medium and technique - (1 MARK)			
	Description in own words - (1 MARK)			
	Expected key points for the answers-			
	(Painting – Radha (Bani Thani) Artist- Nihalchand, Kishangarh school, poetry 'Bihari-jas-Chandrika' of Raja Sawant Singh, pen name Nagari Das, , the bewitching lady of fashion, unparallel beauty, exaggerated facial type, Sawant Singh and Bani Thani represented as 'Radha and Krishna', elongated face with high and slopping forehead, brilliant colour scheme, exaggerated arch of the eyebrows, deeply curved eye, dropping eye, pointed nose, serpentine curl of hair, hair lock near chin, pronounced chin, well cut swelling lips, enigmatic smile, 'Monalisa of India', peach colour in the body stand out from the dark blue background, tapering finger, left hand holding two lotus bud, right hand delicately hold the transparent chunni, Rajasthani royal attire with jewellery, artistic parameter, postal stamp)			
11.	<u>Answer-</u> Krishna lifting Mount Goverdhana <u>MARKING SCHEME</u>	2	51	59
	Name of Painting and Artist -1markDescription and composition -1markStudents may identify- Krishna lifting Mount Goverdhana OR2000Expected key points for the answers- Krishna lifting Mount Goverdhana (Artist- Miskin, Virat Rupa of Lord Krishna, principal of art			

 (emphasis), yellow pitambar, Persian influence (stylized mountain, dedh -chasma), Indian influence(ek- chasma), bright colour scheme,dark blue colour sky, depiction of domestic and wild animals, Mughal costume, compositional arrangement, realistic style, Individual portraiture.) OR Answer- Marriage procession of Dara Shikoh (Title- Marriage procession of Dara Shikoh, Artist- Haji Madni, Dara on brown stallion, Provincial Mughal, tempera, water colour, green nimbus around Shahjahan's head, night scene , brilliant colour scheme, perspective, fire work, glamour of marriage procession with all its pomp and show, individual portraiture, ladies elegantly mounted on elephant, most of the figure in Ek- Chasma, decorated border, other aesthetics) 		NCERT- 54	65
12. , Answer- Chand Bibi Playing Polo OR Hazrat Nizamuddin Auliya and Amir Khusrau <u>MARKING SCHEME</u>	2	66	73
Name of Painting and school -1markDescription and composition -1markExpected key points for the answers-			
(Title-Chand Bibi playing polo, Golconda school, Sportsman spirit of Chand Bibi and her companions, women empowerment, important role of females, sporty life/braveries of court ladies, female figures, representation of female referee, well composed, depiction of nature- receding landscape, stony background, spatial depth with Persian influence, dark blue sky, yellowish sun, silver colour lake with birds, symmetrical composition, Persian calligraphy on upper and lower level of the painting, aesthetic qualities of the painting, linear beauty, harmonious contrast colour, silvery lake, aquatic birds etc.)		•	
OR (Title- Hazrat Nizamuddin Auliya and Amir Khusrau, 18 th C AD, Hyderabad school, teacher student relationship, divine aura and halo, outdoors, minimal architecture, calm and peaceful, facial expression, surrounding, ek-chasma, dedh-chasma, fruit bearing tree, flower bed, musical instrument, human life value, bright colour, vigorous line, other aesthetics		65	71

13.	Answer- Falcon on a Bird rest	2	52	61
	MARKING SCHEME			
	Name of Painting andartist- 1mark Description and composition - 1mark <u>Expected key points for the answers-</u> (Title- Falcon on a Bird rest, Artist Ustad Monsoor, Medium- Water colour on paper, the falocon bird presented by Jaha Abas of Safavid,Preserved in Jahangirnama, cruel vigilant eye, sharp beak, white body brownish-greyish wing detailing on feather, three words - Jahangir Patsaha, Bahari, Uttam, and sign of the ortist in Dersion satist eta)			
	artist in Persian script etc.) OR Answer- Kabir and Raidas,			
	Name of the Artist, sub school, emotion -1markDescription and composition -1markExpected key points for the answers-(Title- Kabir and Raidas, Shahjahan school, simple village background, work is worship, monochromatic Colour scheme, facial expression, dedh- chasma, ek- chasma, meditative mood, expression, anatomy, simple living high thinking, communal harmony, family occupation, decorative border.)			63
14	Answer- MaruRagini	6	28	29
	<u>MARKING SCHEME</u> Name of Painting and artist- 2marks Description and composition - 2marks Aesthetic parameter- 2marks <u>Expected key points for the answers-</u>			
	(Answer any one from-Maru Ragini OR ChauganPlayers)			
	(Title – MaruRagini , Artist-Sahibdin, School-Mewar school, Other Key Points- Decorative Camel, bright colours, Rajasthan custom, figures at the back are big, jewellery adorned by both Dhola & Maru, Yellowish desert background, blue sky, along with attendant, escort and dog, linear beauty, colour scheme etc.) OR			
	Answer- ChauganPlayers			
	MARKING SCHEME			

Name of Painting and artist- 2marks Description and composition - 2marks Aesthetic parameter- 2marks <u>Expected key points for the answers-</u>		30	33
(Title-ChauganPlayers , Artist-Dana, School-Jodhpur school, Other Key Points- Decorative and galloping horses, Holded polo sticks with radial balance to cover the ball, bright colours, bell shaped skirt/ghagra, figures at the back are big and their horses shown facing each other, Horses for companions shown in lower level in short but their horses shown running in opposite direction, jewelry adorned by the princess, Flat background, two dimensional quality, Mughal influence on women, Deccan influence in horses, Bundi influence in facial expression, and Kishangarh type serpentine style hair lock, eyes with folk style, aesthetic qualities of the painting- Expressive faces, Linear beauty, Colour combination, symmetric and radial balance, etc.)			
Main Characteristics of Rajasthani School of art <u>MARKING SCHEME</u> Various Themes :Religious, Historical, General - 2marks Depiction of Figures, custom-2 marks Iinear beauty, Colour -1mark Background and Stylization-1mark	6	10-34	24-27
 Diverse subject matter devided in to three parts Religious painting -Ramayan, Mahabharat, Bhagwatpuran Literacy painting_Indian epics, devotional poetry, Romantic Poetry and Indian music General-Court scences, Battle scences, portraits, night scences, general life and folk lores. Depiction of Human Figure Round face with pointed nose, Elongated eye, Body is smaller in proportion, Yellowish skin, Faces are Ek – Chasma and brighter, Light and shadow on face Depiction of women- Soft face , high neck and Sloping forehead, Pointed nose and well cut lips, Thin fingers Slim, Flexible and tall bodies, Lotus eyes and bow like eyebrow Linear beauty- Developed from western and Central Indian style- Bold lines are apparent in the initial phases. Later line 			
style- Bold lines are apparent in the initial phases. Later line became thin rhythmic, soft and graceful			

	 Colour scheme- Colour brings out the effect of all emotions like- Red for anger ,passion and fury Yellow for marvellous and blue for royal splendour Red, yellow, blue, brown, white without mixing any colour Gold and Silver colour Two dimensional Painting- Simple line and flat colour, Perspective and horizon line not important Symbolism, Natural elements, Ragmala and Baramasa Spiritual love Love and devotion, Spiritual emotions Background- Depiction Nature Trees, Mountains, water springs, floral trees and lakes Animals, birds,creepers, clouds and streams Stylisation- Ornamental trees Ornamentation border decoration with calligraphy 			
16.	Introduction and Preparation of base - 1 MARK Preparation and types of colours - 2 MARKS 	6	48-49	57
	• Different stages - 2 MARKS			
	Conclusion - 1 MARK			
	 Expected key points for the answers- Introduction During early Mughal phase art work was produced collaborative efforts by the team of artists and based on one's specialization. Some also have been produced single handedly. Preparation of base (Sheet of handmade paper prepared, cut and sized, space left for the artist to paint, pages ruled and texted, then artist composed synoptic visual. Preparation of colour- Artists of Mughal court are master in preparation of colours, colours are opaque, obtained from natural sources (mineral, metal, flowers) by grinding and mixing, paint brushes made with the hair of squirrels or kittens. Plant glue used as binder. Vermillion from cinnabar Ultramarine from Lapiz Lazuli Bright Yellow from orpiment White from shells Black from charcoal or lampblack Gold and silver were mixed with colour or sprinkled to add extravagance to a painting 	6		
	8			

Different stages of making composition:

Tarh(beginning of composition) Chiharanama(to portraits) Rangamizi(final stage of colouring)

Conclusion

After completion of painting, **agate**, a gem stone, was used to burnish the work from the back side to set the colours and give desire radiance to the painting. After that paintings were mounted in the albums or book with golden border and embellished with flora, fauna and often human figures.